



## GLOSSARY - KINDERGARTEN

<b>Indicator</b>	<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
K.01.01	God	The eternal and ever-loving creator of all things.
K.02.01	Bible	A special book where we learn about Jesus.
K.04.01	Christmas	The annual celebration of the birthday of Jesus.
K.08.02	Saints	Special friends of God who live with him in heaven.



**GLOSSARY - GRADE 1**

01.01.01	God	The eternal and ever-loving creator of all things.
01.01.03	Holy Trinity	One God: Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.
01.02.01	Bible	The holy book that tells us about God and his love for us.
01.03.01	Sacraments	Seven special signs of grace that bring us closer to God.
01.03.02	Baptism	The first sacrament that we receive, which makes us members of the Church.
01.04.02	Advent	The four weeks before Christmas where we prepare our hearts to celebrate Jesus' birth.
01.04.02	Christmas	The annual celebration of the birthday of Jesus.
01.04.02	Ordinary Time	The season of the Church year when we focus on how Jesus taught us to live.
01.04.02	Lent	The forty days in which we prepare our hearts for Easter.
01.04.03	Easter	The annual celebration of Jesus rising from the dead.
01.05.01	Holy Spirit	The Third Person of the Trinity who is with us and guides us to do what is right.
01.11.02	Priest	A man chosen by God to help people grow closer to God through prayer and the sacraments.



## GLOSSARY - GRADE 2

02.01.01	Holy Trinity	The belief that there is one God in three Divine Persons: God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.
02.02.02	Virgin Mary	Mary, who by the power of the Holy Spirit, became the mother of Jesus.
02.02.01	Gospels	The four books in the Bible that tell us about Jesus.
02.02.02	Parables	Stories told by Jesus to help us understand God's love for us and how we should live.
02.02.04	Miracle	Something that can only happen, or be explained, by the power of God.
02.03.01	Sacrament	A visible sign where we encounter Jesus as he works invisibly in our souls to give us his grace.
02.03.02	Eucharist	The Body and Blood of Jesus really present in the consecrated bread and wine even though we cannot see a change.
02.03.03	Sin	Purposefully choosing to do something that hurts our relationship with God and with others.
02.04.04	Tabernacle	The special place set aside in a Church or chapel to hold the Eucharist.
02.05.01	Grace	The gift of God's life and love that helps us become more like him.
02.06.01	Dignity	The value that all people have because they are created in God's image and likeness.
02.11.01	Vocation	The special way that God calls each person to love him and serve others.



**GLOSSARY - GRADE 3**

03.01.01	Holy Trinity	The belief that there is one God in three Divine Persons: God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.
03.01.02	Apostles' Creed	A prayer that summarizes our Catholic beliefs.
03.01.03	Resurrection	The event of Jesus' rising from the dead three days after his death on the cross.
03.02.01	Bible	The books that contain the truth about God and his plan of love for our lives.
03.02.03	Old Testament	The first part of the Bible that tells the story of God and his people before the time of Jesus.
03.02.02	New Testament	The second part of the Bible that tells the story of Jesus, his life and his teachings, and includes letters from the Apostles.
03.03.01	Sacrament	An outward sign of God's grace given to us by Jesus to help us grow in holiness.
03.03.02	Eucharist	The Body and Blood of Jesus really present in the consecrated bread and wine even though we cannot see a change.
03.04.01	Advent	The four weeks before Christmas where we prepare our hearts to celebrate Jesus' birth.
03.04.01	Christmas	The day, and liturgical season, that celebrates the birth of Jesus.
03.04.01	Ordinary Time	The season of the Church year when we focus on how Jesus taught us to live.
03.04.01	Lent	A liturgical season of forty days before Easter during which we pray and offer penance as we prepare to celebrate the joy of Jesus' resurrection.
03.04.01	Easter	The day, and liturgical season, that celebrates Jesus rising from the dead after three days in the tomb.
03.04.02	Triduum	The three holiest days of the liturgical year when we celebrate Jesus' passion, death and resurrection. The Triduum begins at sundown on Holy Thursday and ends at sundown on Easter Sunday.
03.04.02	Liturgical Year	The cycle of seasons over the course of the Church year that teach us about the mysteries of Jesus's birth, life, death and resurrection.
03.05.01	Moral Choice	A choice to do something that you know is good or something that you know is evil.
03.05.02	Sin	Choosing to do something that is wrong and turns our hearts away from God.
03.06.01	Dignity	The value that each person made by God, male or female, has because they are made in God's image.
03.08.01	Church	The community of those who have been baptized and live as Jesus' disciples.
03.08.03	Pope	The visible leader of the Catholic Church on earth and the successor to St. Peter.
03.09.01	Christians	The name given to those who have been baptized, and live as Jesus' disciples.
03.11.01	Disciple	A person who accepts and lives as Jesus taught us to do.



03.11.02	Vocation	The unique call from God to each person to serve in the Church and live a life of holiness.
03.14.01	Missionary	A person who goes out into the world to share the love of Jesus with others.



**GLOSSARY - GRADE 4**

04.01.01	Holy Trinity	The most important mystery of the faith that teaches us that there is one God in three Divine Persons: God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.
04.01.02	Revelation	God's communication of himself and his plan to us throughout history.
04.01.03	Sacred Scripture	The Word of God written by human authors under the guidance of the Holy Spirit as found in the Old and New Testaments of the Bible.
04.01.03	Tradition	Teachings of Jesus entrusted to the apostles and handed on from one generation to the next under the guidance of the Holy Spirit.
04.01.04	Faith	A theological virtue given by God that helps us to believe in him and commit ourselves to his teachings.
04.02.01	Covenant	A loving and binding promise between God and humans.
04.03.01	Sacrament	An outward sign of God's grace given to the Church by Jesus, which helps us to grow in holiness.
04.03.02	Baptism	The sacrament that initiates a person into the Church, cleanses them of Original Sin, and makes them a child of God.
04.03.02	Confirmation	The sacrament that strengthens a person with a special outpouring of the Holy Spirit and completes the grace received at Baptism.
04.03.02	Eucharist	The sacrament that nourishes us with the Body and Blood of Jesus Christ. It is the source and summit of the Christian life.
04.03.02	Penance	The sacrament of healing which bestows God's mercy, pardons a person of their sins, and reconciles them with God and His Church.
04.03.03	Anointing of the Sick	The sacrament of healing that provides a person with strength, peace, and courage when they are very sick or dying.
04.03.02	Holy Orders	The sacrament in which God calls men to serve and minister to His people particularly through the sacraments.
04.03.03	Marriage (Matrimony)	The sacrament that forms a grace-filled and life-long covenant between one man and one woman.
04.04.01	Sabbath	The day set aside each week to worship God, and rest from labor. The Jewish people celebrate the Sabbath on Saturday; Christians celebrate on Sunday.
04.04.01	Old Testament	The first part of the Bible that tells the story of God and his people before the time of Jesus.
04.04.02	Holy Day of Obligation	A special feast during the Church year (other than Sunday) when Catholics are required to go to Mass.
04.04.03	Resurrection	Jesus' bodily rising from the dead three days after his death on the cross.
04.05.01	Sin	A deliberate choice to do wrong even though we know it is contrary to God's law.
04.05.02	Conscience	The inner voice, given to us by God, that helps us to know right from wrong.



04.06.01	Dignity	The value that each person made by God, male or female, has because they are made in God's image.
04.06.02	Saints	A person who led a life in union with God and by his grace now live with him in heaven.
04.07.01	Prayer	Listening and talking to God.
04.07.02	Rosary	A meditative prayer in which we reflect on the lives of Jesus and Mary.
04.08.02	Pope	The visible leader and head of the Catholic Church on earth and the successor to St. Peter.
04.08.02	Bishop	Men who have received the highest level of Holy Orders; they are called to teach, lead and help people grow in holiness.
04.08.02	Clergy	Men who have received the Sacrament of Holy Orders. This includes bishops, priests, or deacons.
04.08.02	Religious	Men or women who make special promises to serve God and his Church through service and prayer usually as part of a group called an order.
04.08.02	Lay People	Faithful men and women who are members of the Church but are not clergy and do not belong to religious orders. Also called the laity - most members of the Church are lay people.
04.09.01	Eucharist	The Body and Blood, Soul and Divinity of Jesus really present in the consecrated bread and wine.
04.10.01	Sacred	Something set apart as holy that recognizes and gives honor to God's glory. Time, places, objects, events and people can be sacred.
04.11.01	Vocation	The unique calling (or destiny) each person receives from God to love and serve him by bringing about his Kingdom on Earth with our lives.
04.12.01	Stewardship	The responsibility to use God's gifts carefully and in justice to others, especially the gift of creation.



**GLOSSARY - GRADE 5**

05.01.01	Holy Trinity	The mystery of one God in three persons: God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.
05.01.03	Faith	Faith helps a person to believe in God and all that he has revealed. This gift from God grows as we deepen our relationship with Him.
05.01.04	Immaculate Conception	The teaching and title given to Mary, which states that, from the first moment of her conception, Mary was preserved immune from Original Sin.
05.02.01	Gospels	The four books in the New Testament that present the message of salvation taught by Jesus and brought about by his life, death, and resurrection.
05.02.02	Evangelists	The four human authors of the Gospels: Matthew, Mark, Luke and John.
05.02.03	Miracle	Actions that are only possible through the power of God. Jesus's miracles were signs of God's love and that the Kingdom of God is already present on earth.
05.03.02	Sacraments of Initiation	The three sacraments that bring us into full communion with the Church. They are Baptism, Confirmation, and Eucharist.
05.03.06	Holy Orders	The sacrament in which God calls men to serve and minister to his people particularly through the sacraments. There are three levels to Holy Orders: bishop, priest, and deacon.
05.03.07	Covenant	A solemn agreement between God and His people, or between two human beings, that involves mutual commitments for the good of the relationship.
05.04.01	Liturgy	The public celebration of the Church in which we give thanks and praise to God.
05.05.01	Free Will	The gift from God that makes us truly human, it is the ability to choose to do what is good.
05.05.02	Conscience	The inner voice that God has placed in our hearts that helps us to know right from wrong. The Holy Spirit guides and strengthens our conscience.
05.05.03	Virtue	The habitual and firm dispositions to do what is good.
05.05.03	Grace	The free and undeserved gift of God's divine life in us.
05.06.01	Conception	The moment when human life is created within the womb of a woman.
05.06.02	Dignity	The value that every person has because they are created by God in his image and likeness.
05.06.02	Catholic Social Teaching	The seven social and economic rights (of every individual and community) needed to create a more just world.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Life and Dignity of the Human Person</li> <li>2. Call to Family, Community, and Participation</li> <li>3. Rights and Responsibilities</li> <li>4. Option for the Poor and Vulnerable</li> <li>5. Dignity of Work and the Rights of Workers</li> <li>6. Solidarity</li> <li>7. Care for the Environment</li> </ol>



05.07.01	Paschal Mystery	The work of salvation accomplished by Jesus through his suffering, death, and resurrection.
05.07.01	Resurrection	Jesus' bodily rising from the dead three days after his death on the cross.
05.07.01	Ascension	The entry of Jesus' humanity into divine glory in heaven, forty days after his Resurrection.
05.07.02	Rosary	A meditative prayer in which we reflect on the lives of Jesus and Mary.
05.08.01	Diocese	A community of parishes, united under the leadership of a Bishop.
05.08.01	Bishop	A man who has received the highest level of Holy Orders. Bishops teach, lead and help people grow in holiness.
05.09.01	Christians	The name given to those who have been baptized, and live as Jesus' disciples. All Catholics are Christians, but not all Christians are Catholic.
05.10.02	Modesty	Showing respectful appropriateness in how we dress, speak, and act towards others.
05.11.01	Vocation	The unique calling (or destiny) each person receives from God to love and serve him by bringing about his Kingdom on Earth with our lives.
05.14.01	Good News	Another name for "Gospel", it is the message of salvation taught by Jesus and brought about by his life, death, and resurrection.



## GLOSSARY - GRADE 6

06.01.01	Creed	A statement or summary of beliefs that a group of people hold in common. The Apostle's and Nicene Creeds are summaries of the Catholic faith.
06.01.02	Original Sin	The consequence of the disobedience of Adam and Eve through which all human beings lost the original blessing of God and became subject to sin and death.
06.01.03	Free Will	The gift from God that makes us truly human. It is the ability, because we are made in God's image, to choose to love God and to do what is good.
06.01.05	Heaven	The state of eternal and perfect happiness found in the presence and love of God.
06.01.05	Hell	The state of eternal separation from the presence and love of God.
06.02.01	Scripture	The Word of God written by human authors under the guidance of the Holy Spirit as found in the Old and New Testaments of the Bible.
06.02.02	Covenant	A solemn agreement between God and His people, or between two human beings, that involves mutual commitments for the good of the relationship.
06.03.01	Sacrament	An efficacious sign of grace, instituted by Christ and entrusted to the Church, by which divine life is dispensed to us by the work of the Holy Spirit.
06.03.02	Indelible Spiritual Character	The permanent spiritual mark that is imprinted on our soul in the sacraments of Baptism, Confirmation, and Holy Orders.
06.04.02	Holy Day of Obligation	Special feast days during the Church year on which we remember moments in the life of Jesus, his mother Mary, or the saints.
06.05.01	Faith	Faith helps a person to believe in God and all that he has revealed. This gift from God grows as we deepen our relationship with him.
06.05.01	Understanding	The desire, informed by faith and natural reason, to comprehend God and all he has revealed.
06.05.02	Sin	Choosing to do something that is wrong because it is opposed to reason, truth and right conscience; it is a failure in genuine love for God and neighbor.
06.05.03	Mortal Sin	A serious break from the law of God that destroys the divine life in a person and turns their heart from God.
06.06.01	Purity of Heart	Turning one's thoughts, emotions, and actions towards God. Purity of heart includes acts of charity, chastity, and commitment to the truths of the faith.
06.06.01	Chastity	The moral virtue that helps us to do what is right, good, and loving according to God's plan for human sexuality.
06.06.03	Dignity	The absolute value of the human person made in the image of God. This gift is conferred to each person at the moment of conception and is an immutable reality – an integrated bodily and spiritual reality.
06.06.04	Stewardship	The Christian response to receive God's gifts gratefully and share them with others in love and justice.



06.07.01	Prayer	The raising of one's mind and heart to God in thanksgiving, in praise of his glory, and in requesting good things from God.
06.07.02	Eucharistic Liturgy	Another name for the Mass or the Eucharist.
06.07.03	Worship	Adoration and honor given to God alone.
06.07.03	Veneration	The great respect given to those who give heroic witness to God by their lives of faith.
06.07.03	Saint	The title of someone who has been formally canonized by the Church for his or her Christian witness and love of God.
06.07.04	Psalms	Prayers of the Jewish people found in the Old Testament that are in the form of poems and are often sung. The Psalms are very important in the prayer life of both the Jewish and Christian people.
06.08.01	Communion of Saints	The spiritual solidarity, which binds together the faithful on earth, the souls in purgatory, and the saints in heaven.
06.08.01	Purgatory	The state of final purification of those who died in friendship with God before entrance into heaven.
06.09.01	Ecumenism	The work of dialogue and prayer between Catholics and non-Catholic Christians meant to strengthen the unity among Christians.
06.10.01	Image and Likeness of God	We are made in the image and likeness of God because, through reason and free will, we can love, create, and choose to do what is good for human flourishing.
06.10.02	Modesty	The Fruit of the Holy Spirit that protects the intimate center of a person by guarding the external appearance of a person.
06.11.01	Vocation	The specific call to holiness that each person receives from God to love him and to help others grow in holiness. Vocations include priesthood or religious life, married or single life.
06.12.01	Justice	The Cardinal Virtue that helps us recognize each person's rights and to give every person what is fair.
06.12.01	Kingdom of Heaven	The fulfillment of God's justice, peace, mercy and love made present in the world today.
06.14.01	Evangelization	Sharing our Catholic faith in Jesus Christ with others through our words and actions.



## GLOSSARY - GRADE 7

07.01.01	Holy Trinity	The one true God revealed to us as three divine persons Father, Son and Holy Spirit.
07.01.02	Eternal	An attribute of God that describes that he exists forever, without beginning or end.
07.01.02	Omniscient	Having complete knowledge, awareness, or understanding of all things. An attribute of God.
07.01.02	Omnipotent	Being all-powerful and able to do all things. An attribute of God. Examples include God creating the world out of nothing and raising His Son, Jesus, from the dead.
07.01.02	Omnipresent	Being present everywhere at the same time. An attribute of God.
07.01.03	Resurrection of the Dead	The Christian belief that the righteous, united in body and soul, will live forever with the risen Christ on the last day.
07.02.01	Divine Inspiration	The relationship of human authors writing under the inspiration of the Holy Spirit.
07.02.01	Sacred Scripture	The Word of God written by human authors under the guidance of the Holy Spirit as found in the Old and New Testaments of the Bible.
07.02.02	Literal (Sense of Scripture)	Biblical interpretation rooted in the understanding that all Scripture is true and without error and is intended to express facts, while taking into consideration the literary genre and circumstances of the time and culture.
07.02.02	Spiritual (Sense of Scripture)	Biblical interpretation that reads for the deeper meaning conveyed by Scripture, which lets us see that this Word of God is eternal and is intended for us.
07.03.01	Indelible Character	A spiritual seal imprinted on the soul in the sacraments of Baptism, Confirmation and Holy Orders that claims us as belonging to Christ forever.
07.03.03	Marriage	One of the seven sacraments, it is a solemn covenant between one man and one woman that unites them together for life. They promise to help each other grow in holiness and be open to life through the procreation of children.
07.03.03	Covenant	A solemn agreement between God and His people, or between two human beings, that involves mutual commitments for the good of the relationship.
07.03.04	Holy Orders	The sacrament of ministry that continues the mission of the Church by giving a man the grace and spiritual power to serve others and bring them the sacraments.
07.04.02	Eucharist	The bread and wine, that by the power of the Holy Spirit have become the Body and Blood of Christ, though the outward appearance remains unchanged.
07.04.03	Paschal Candle	The candle blessed at the Easter Vigil, which represents the light of Christ, used throughout the Easter season and at baptisms and funerals.
07.05.01	Dignity of the Human Person	The absolute value of the human person made in the image of God. This gift is conferred to each person at the moment of conception and is an unchangeable reality of an integrated bodily and spiritual reality.



07.05.01	Morality	The term used to refer to the goodness or evil of human acts based on the nature, intention and circumstances in which the action was taken.
07.05.02	Original Sin	The consequence of the disobedience of Adam and Eve, which affects all human nature. Through this sin, human beings lost the grace of original holiness and became subject to the law of death.
07.05.02	Personal Sin	An offense against God in which a person makes a deliberate choice against God's eternal law through their thoughts, words, or actions.
07.05.02	Social Sin	Social or structural ways of thinking which are against the dignity of the human person and the will of God. Social sin is the cumulative effect of personal sins.
07.05.03	Theological Virtues	The virtues infused in our souls by God: faith, hope, and charity. These virtues help a Christian to live as children of God. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Faith helps a person to believe in God and all that He has revealed. This gift from God grows as we deepen our relationship with Him.</li> <li>• Hope gives us confidence to trust in all of the good that God has promised.</li> <li>• Charity helps us to place God above all things and care for our neighbor as our self.</li> </ul>
07.05.04	Cardinal Virtues	The Cardinal virtues, prudence, justice, fortitude, and temperance, help us develop the habitual and firm dispositions to do what is good. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prudence helps a person to identify and do the right action.</li> <li>• Justice gives a person the will to provide what is due to God and neighbor.</li> <li>• Fortitude gives us strength to do the right thing especially in times of difficulty.</li> <li>• Temperance gives us the ability to control our desire for pleasure and material things.</li> </ul>
07.05.05	Beatitudes	The teachings of Jesus that show the meaning and way of true happiness in God, and are the characteristics of the Christian life.
07.06.01	Common Good	The sum total of social conditions necessary for people, as individuals and groups, to reach their fulfillment more fully and more easily.
07.07.01	Worship	Adoration and honor given to God alone.
07.07.03	Lectio Divina	A meditative praying of Scripture. The steps include reading Scripture then listening to and reflecting on the meaning of the Word in our lives today.
07.07.04	Rosary	A meditative prayer in which we reflect on the lives of Jesus and Mary.
07.08.01	Four Marks of the Church	The four qualities of the Church that also express the Church's mission: one, holy, catholic and apostolic.
07.09.02	Bishop	A man who has received the highest level of Holy Orders; they are the successors to the Apostles.
07.09.02	Apostles	The twelve men chosen by Jesus during his earthly ministry and entrusted with Jesus' mission at his ascension.



07.10.01	Image and Likeness of God	The human person created male or female by God with a unity of body and spirit, that is capable of knowing and loving God.
07.10.02	Procreate	The sexual activity between a husband and a wife that is open to conceiving and bearing a child.
07.10.03	Chastity	The moral virtue that helps us to do what is right, good, and loving according to God's plan for human sexuality.
07.10.03	Abstinence	The practice of restraining oneself from participating in a particular behavior or indulging in something such as, food or drink.
07.10.03	Celibacy	The personal, life-long commitment to live in an unmarried state as a response of love to God.
07.11.01	Vocation	The specific call to holiness that each person receives from God to love him and to help others grow in holiness. Vocations include priesthood or religious life, married or single life.
07.12.01	Corporal and Spiritual Works of Mercy	<p>The Corporal Works of Mercy are good works we do for the physical needs of others. They are - feed the hungry; give drink to the thirsty; clothe the naked; shelter the homeless; visit the sick; visit those in prison; and bury the dead.</p> <p>The Spiritual Works of Mercy are good works we do for the spiritual needs of others. They are - admonish the sinner; instruct the ignorant; counsel the doubtful; comfort the afflicted, bear wrongs patiently; forgive offenses willingly; and pray for the living and the dead.</p>
07.12.01	Disciple	A person who accepts and lives in accordance with the teachings of Christ.
07.13.01	Christianity	Any religion that believe in the person and teachings of Jesus of Nazareth.
07.13.01	Judaism	A monotheistic religion that believes in the one God who revealed himself to Abraham, Moses and the Hebrew prophets.
07.13.01	Islam	A monotheistic religion that believes in the one God who revealed himself to Abraham and that Muhammad is a messenger of God.
07.13.01	Monotheistic Religions	Those faith traditions that believe in only one God. Christianity, Judaism, and Islam all trace their roots back to the one God of Abraham.
07.14.01	Missionary	A person who goes out into the world to share the love of Jesus with others.



**GLOSSARY - GRADE 8**

08.01.01	Holy Trinity	The central mystery of our faith, that God alone can make known to us by revealing himself as Father, Son and Holy Spirit.
08.01.01	Mystery (of faith)	Truths about God that surpass the limits of human understanding and can only be fully revealed by God.
08.01.03	Faith	The theological virtue (a gift from God) that makes it possible for us to believe in God and all that he has revealed.
08.01.03	Reason	The ability to use one’s intellect to explore the truth among alternatives. Reason works together with faith to come to knowledge of God.
08.01.04	Incarnation	The time appointed by God, when the Son of God, Jesus Christ, without losing his divine nature assumed human nature in order to bring about our salvation.
08.02.01	Apostolic Tradition	The teaching of the apostles that has been handed down through the ages, under the guidance of the Holy Spirit.
08.02.01	Sacred Scripture	The collection of writings, written by human authors and accepted by the Church as inspired by the Holy Spirit. Sacred Scripture reveals God and his saving will for humankind.
08.02.02	Epistles	Letters written to various people and communities by early Christian communities, which pass on wisdom, correction and instruction on how to live the faith.
08.02.03	Pentecost	The fiftieth day after the Resurrection when the Holy Spirit descended upon the Apostles filling them with his grace.
08.03.01	Grace	The free and undeserved gift of God’s divine life that helps us to conform our lives to God and his will for us.
08.03.01	Sacrament	An efficacious sign of grace, instituted by Christ and entrusted to the Church, by which divine life is dispensed to us by the work of the Holy Spirit.
08.03.02	Confirmation	The sacrament that completes the grace of Baptism and strengthens a person with the Holy Spirit to be a witness of Christ in the world.
08.03.02	Spiritual Mark	A spiritual seal imprinted on the soul in the sacraments of Baptism, Confirmation and Holy Orders that claims us as belonging to Christ forever.
08.03.03	Wisdom	The gift of the Holy Spirit that enables us to recognize the value of persons, objects, and actions from God’s point of view.
08.03.03	Understanding	The gift of the Holy Spirit that helps us to comprehend the truths of God, revealed in Scripture and Tradition.
08.03.03	Right Judgment	The gift of the Holy Spirit that gives us the ability to recognize and perform the actions that truly represent God’s plan for us.
08.03.03	Courage	The gift of the Holy Spirit that provides the strength to do what is right even in times of difficulty.
08.03.03	Knowledge	The gift of the Holy Spirit that helps us to develop the awareness of the truths and presence of God in our lives.



08.03.03	Piety	The gift of the Holy Spirit that plants within us respect for God and all that is sacred displayed through our words and actions especially through prayer.
08.03.03	Fear of the Lord	The gift of the Holy Spirit that allows us to experience wonder and amazement at the glory and power of God.
08.03.04	Transubstantiation	The change from bread and wine into the Body and Blood of Christ through the power of the Holy Spirit and the prayer of the priest in the Eucharistic celebration.
08.03.05	Marriage	One of the seven sacraments, it is a solemn covenant between one man and one woman that unites them together for life. They promise to help each other grow in holiness and be open to life through the procreation of children.
08.03.05	Covenant	A solemn agreement between God and His people, or between two human beings, that involves mutual commitments for the good of the relationship.
08.03.06	Chrism	The mixture of balsam and olive oil, blessed by the Bishop that is used in the sacraments of Baptism, Confirmation and Holy Orders.
08.03.06	Laying on of Hands	Part of the Confirmation rite itself the laying on of hands is the biblical gesture by which the gift of the Holy Spirit is invoked.
08.04.01	Paschal Mystery	The work of our salvation accomplished by Jesus through his suffering, death, and resurrection and ascension.
08.04.01	Resurrection	The bodily rising of Jesus from the dead on the third day, after his death on the cross and burial in the tomb.
08.04.01	Ascension	The entry of Jesus' humanity into divine glory in heaven, forty days after his Resurrection.
08.04.01	Liturgy	The public worship of the people of God in which we give thanks and praise to him for his Paschal Mystery which accomplished our salvation.
08.05.01	Sin	Choosing to do something that is wrong because it is opposed to reason, truth and right conscience; it is a failure in genuine love for God and neighbor.
08.05.01	Mercy	The loving kindness and compassion shown to one who offends another.
08.05.02	Conscience	The interior voice of a human being, within whose heart the inner law of God is inscribed. It moves a person to do good and avoid evil.
08.05.02	Dignity of the Human Person	The absolute value of the human person made in the image of God. This gift is conferred to each person at the moment of conception and is an immutable reality – an integrated bodily and spiritual reality.
08.05.03	Free Will	The gift from God that makes us truly human. It is the ability – because we are made in God's image - to choose to love God to do what is good.
08.06.01	Procreation	The sexual activity between a husband and a wife that is open to conceiving and bearing a child.
08.06.02	Truths of the Faith	All that God has revealed about himself contained in Scripture and Tradition.



08.06.02	Magisterium	The teaching office of the Church, given by Christ to the Apostles and their successors the bishops, in union with the Pope. It provides faithfulness to the teaching of the apostles on matters of faith and morals.
08.07.01	Personal Prayer	The raising of one's mind and heart to God in thanksgiving, in praise of his glory, and in requesting good things from God.
08.07.02	Vocal Prayer	The form of prayer where we express in words the interior feelings and fervor of our soul.
08.07.02	Meditative Prayer	The form of prayer, which engages our imagination to understand our faith and to respond to what the Lord is asking of us.
08.07.02	Contemplative Prayer	The form of prayer where we silently focus our heart and mind in adoration of God.
08.07.04	Adore	The personal acknowledgment that God is our creator and savior.
08.09.01	Ecumenism	The work of dialogue and prayer between Catholics and non-Catholic Christians meant to strengthen the unity among Christians.
08.10.01	Abortion	The deliberate termination of a pregnancy by killing the unborn child.
08.10.02	Moral Values	The criteria that help us determine the goodness or evil of human acts based on the nature, intention and circumstances in which the action was taken.
08.10.03	Chastity	The moral virtue that helps us to do what is right, good, and loving according to God's plan for human sexuality.
08.11.01	Discipleship	Living our lives in the footsteps of Jesus, sharing in his mission, his joys and his sufferings.
08.11.02	Vocation	The specific call to holiness that each person receives from God to love him and to help others grow in holiness. Vocations include priesthood or religious life, married or single life.
08.12.01	Catholic Social Teaching	The seven social and economic rights (of every individual and community) needed to create a more just world.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Life and Dignity of the Human Person</li> <li>2. Call to Family, Community, and Participation</li> <li>3. Rights and Responsibilities</li> <li>4. Option for the Poor and Vulnerable</li> <li>5. Dignity of Work and the Rights of Workers</li> <li>6. Solidarity</li> <li>7. Care for the Environment</li> </ol>
08.13.01	Christianity	Any religion that believe in the person and teachings of Jesus of Nazareth.
08.13.01	Judaism	A monotheistic religion that believes in the one God who revealed himself to Abraham, Moses and the Hebrew prophets.
08.13.01	Islam	A monotheistic religion that believes in the one God who revealed himself to Abraham and that Muhammad is a messenger of God.



08.13.01	Monotheistic Religions	Faith traditions that believe in only one God. Christianity, Judaism, and Islam are monotheistic religions that trace their roots back to the God of Abraham.
----------	------------------------	---